

# A Common Graph Database Access Layer

for .NET and Mono

GET http://{host}/{resource}



reXster.NET



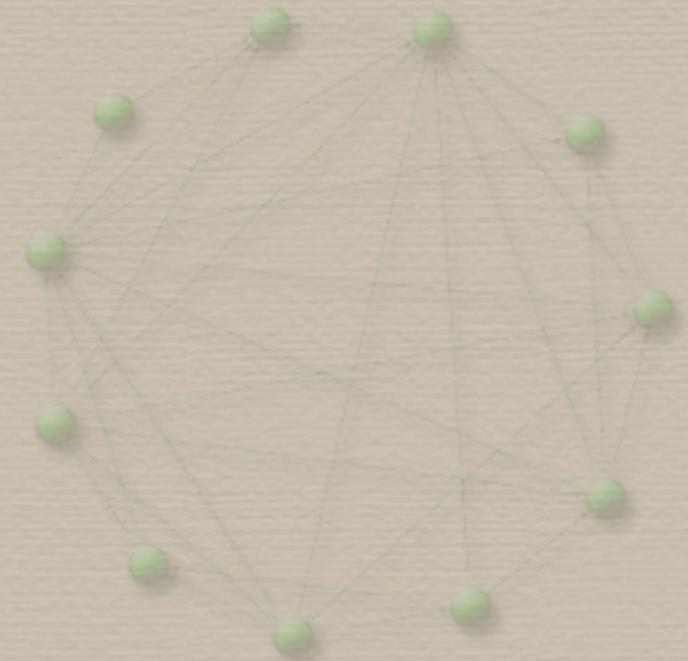
Gremlin  
 $G = (V, E)$



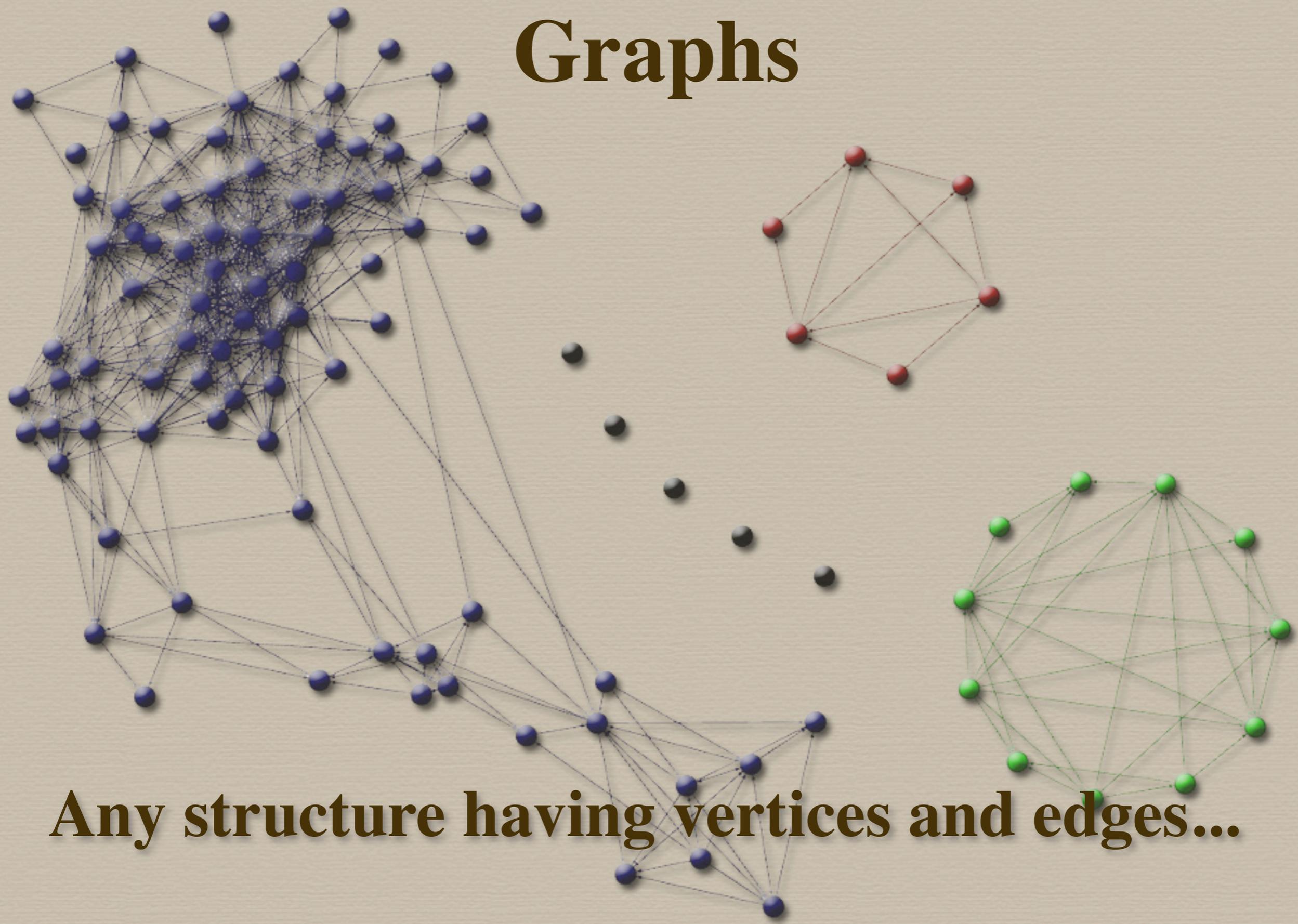
Pipes.NET



Blueprints.NET



# Graphs



**Any structure having vertices and edges...**

# ...but different representations possible.

	v1	v2	v3	v4
v1	0	0	0	0
v2	1	1	1	0
v3	2	1	0	0
v4	0	1	0	0

	e1	e2	e3	e4	e5	e6
v1	1	1	1	0	0	0
v2	0	0	-1	2	1	1
v3	-1	-1	0	0	0	0
v4	0	0	0	0	-1	1

**Adjacency matrix vs. Incidence matrix vs. Adjacency list vs. Edge list vs. Classes, Index-based vs. Index-free Adjacency, Dense vs. Sparse graphs, On-disc vs. In-memory graphs...**

# The problem...

- **Different graph representations...**
  - **have different levels of expressivity**
  - **can be very application specific**
  - **hard to optimize a single one for every use-case**
- **Multiple APIs from different vendors**

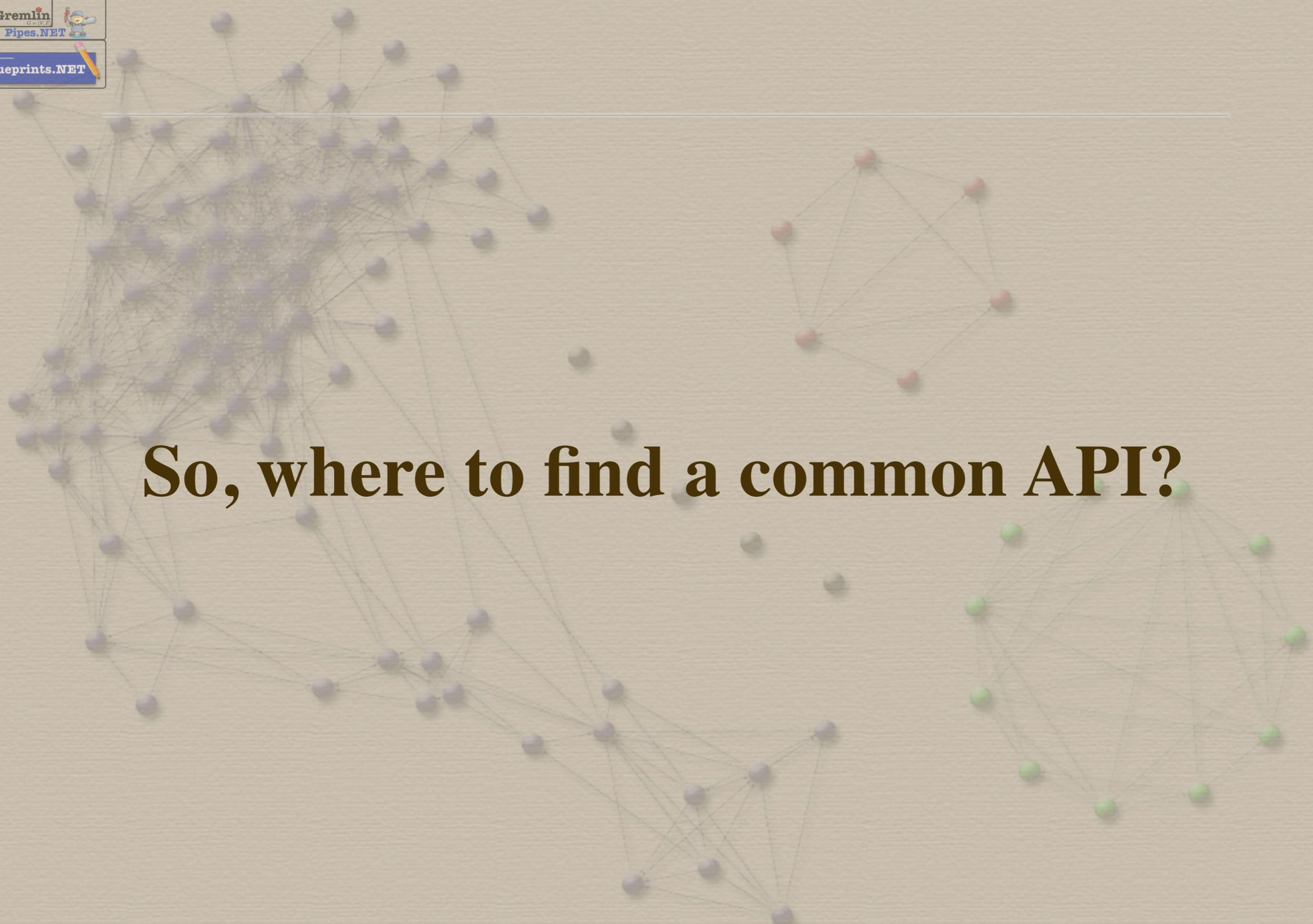
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**So, where to find a common API?**

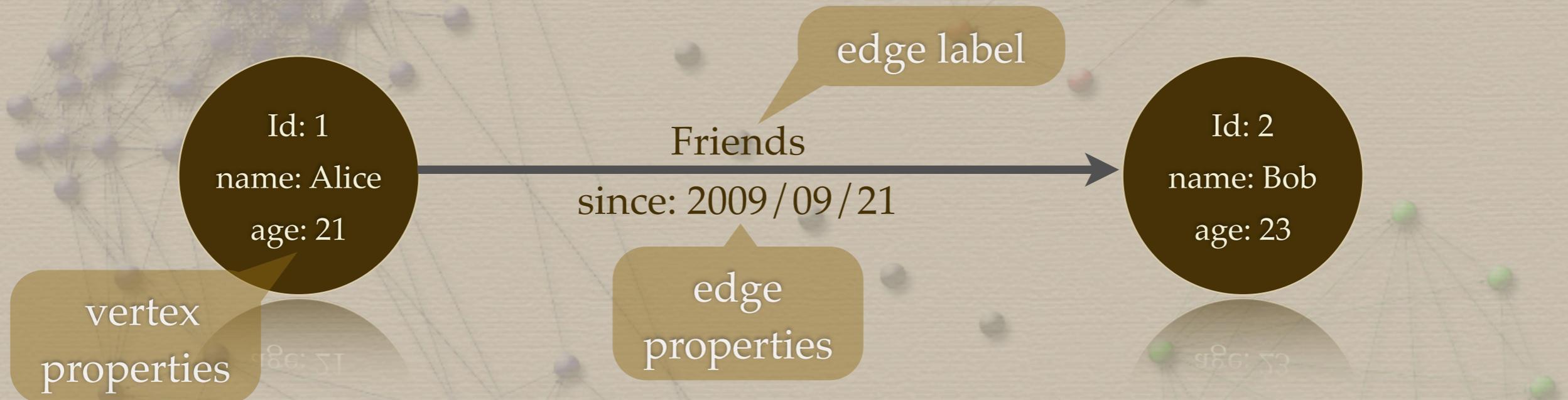
# Graph Commons

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- **Edges are first-class citizens**
- **Information gathering by traversing**  
Indices are less important than in relational DBs
- **Index-free adjacency, so the cost of traversing an edge is in-dependent from the size of the graph**  
( ...at least when you ignore the GC ;)

# The Property-Graph Model

The most common graph model within the NoSQL GraphDB space



- **directed:** Each edge has a source and destination vertex
- **attributed:** Vertices and edges carry key/value pairs
- **edge-labeled:** The label denotes the type of relationship
- **multi-graph:** Multiple edges between any two vertices allowed



# Blueprints.NET



## A Property Graph Model Interface for .NET and Mono

```
// Use a class-based in-memory graph
var graph = new InMemoryGraph();

var v1 = graph.AddVertex(new VertexId(1));
var v2 = graph.AddVertex(new VertexId(2));
v1.SetProperty("name", "Alice");
v1.SetProperty("age", 21);
v2.SetProperty("name", "Bob");
v2.SetProperty("age", 23);

var e1 = graph.AddEdge(v1, v2, new EdgeId(1), "Friends");
e1.SetProperty("since", "2009/09/21");
```



# Blueprints.NET



Or, if you prefer the Dynamic Language Runtime...

```
// Use a class-based in-memory graph
var graph = new InMemoryGraph();

var v1    = graph.AddVertex().AsDynamic();
var v2    = graph.AddVertex().AsDynamic();
v1.name   = "Alice";
v1.age    = 21;
v2.name   = "Bob";
v2.age    = 23;

var e1 = graph.AddEdge(v1, v2, "Friends").AsDynamic();
e1.since = "2009/09/21";
```



## Current status...

- **About 70% of the current JAVA original**
- **e.g. Transactions, Auto-Indexing still missing**
- **Expect first release within the next 4-6 weeks**



The future...

- **Different implementations for different graph representations**
- **Implementations for remote graphs**  
(Rexster and Neo4J REST in separate projects)
- **Extensions, e.g. for semantic graphs**

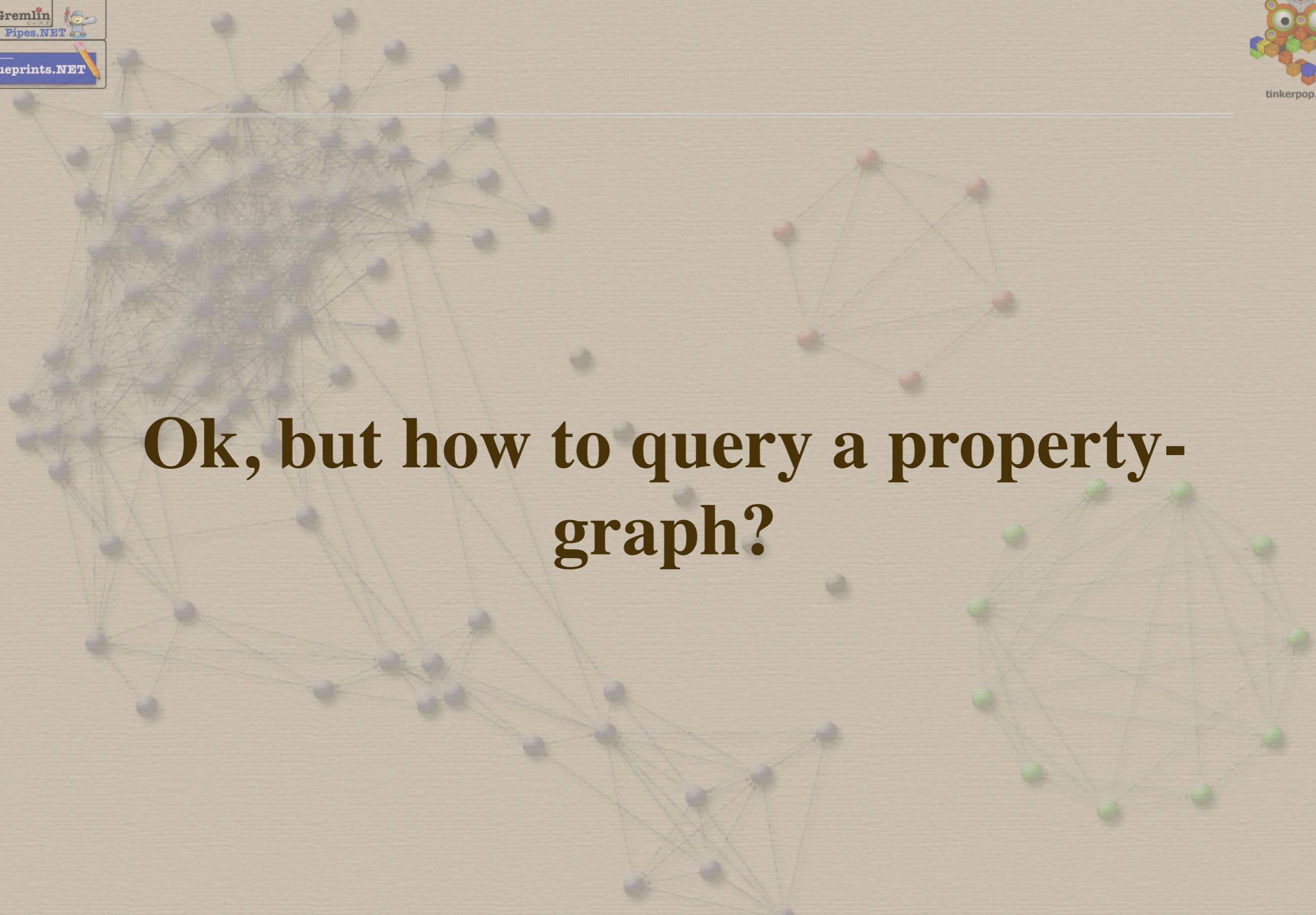
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G = V, E

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**Ok, but how to query a property-graph?**



# Pipes.NET



A data flow framework for property graph models

: IEnumerable<E>, IEnumerableable<E>

S

Source Elements

AbstractPipe<S, E>

E

Emitted Elements



# Pipes.NET



A simple pipe yielding all objects without modification

```
public class IdentityPipe<S> : AbstractPipe<S, S> {  
    public override Boolean MoveNext() {  
        if (_InternalEnumerator == null)  
            return false;  
  
        if (_InternalEnumerator.MoveNext()) {  
            _CurrentElement = _InternalEnumerator.Current;  
            return true;  
        }  
  
        return false;  
    }  
}
```



# Pipes.NET



A simple pipe yielding all strings turned to uppercase

```
public class ToUpperPipe<String> : AbstractPipe<String, String> {  
    public override Boolean MoveNext() {  
        if (_InternalEnumerator == null)  
            return false;  
  
        if (_InternalEnumerator.MoveNext()) {  
            _CurrentElement = _InternalEnumerator.Current.ToUpper();  
            return true;  
        }  
  
        return false;  
    }  
}
```



# Pipes.NET



A simple pipe yielding the vertex property “name”

```
public class GetNameProperty : AbstractPipe<IVertex, String> {  
    public override Boolean MoveNext() {  
        if (_InternalEnumerator == null)  
            return false;  
  
        if (_InternalEnumerator.MoveNext()) {  
            _CurrentElement = _IVertex.GetProperty("name");  
            return true;  
        }  
  
        return false;  
    }  
}
```

GET http://{host}/{resource}

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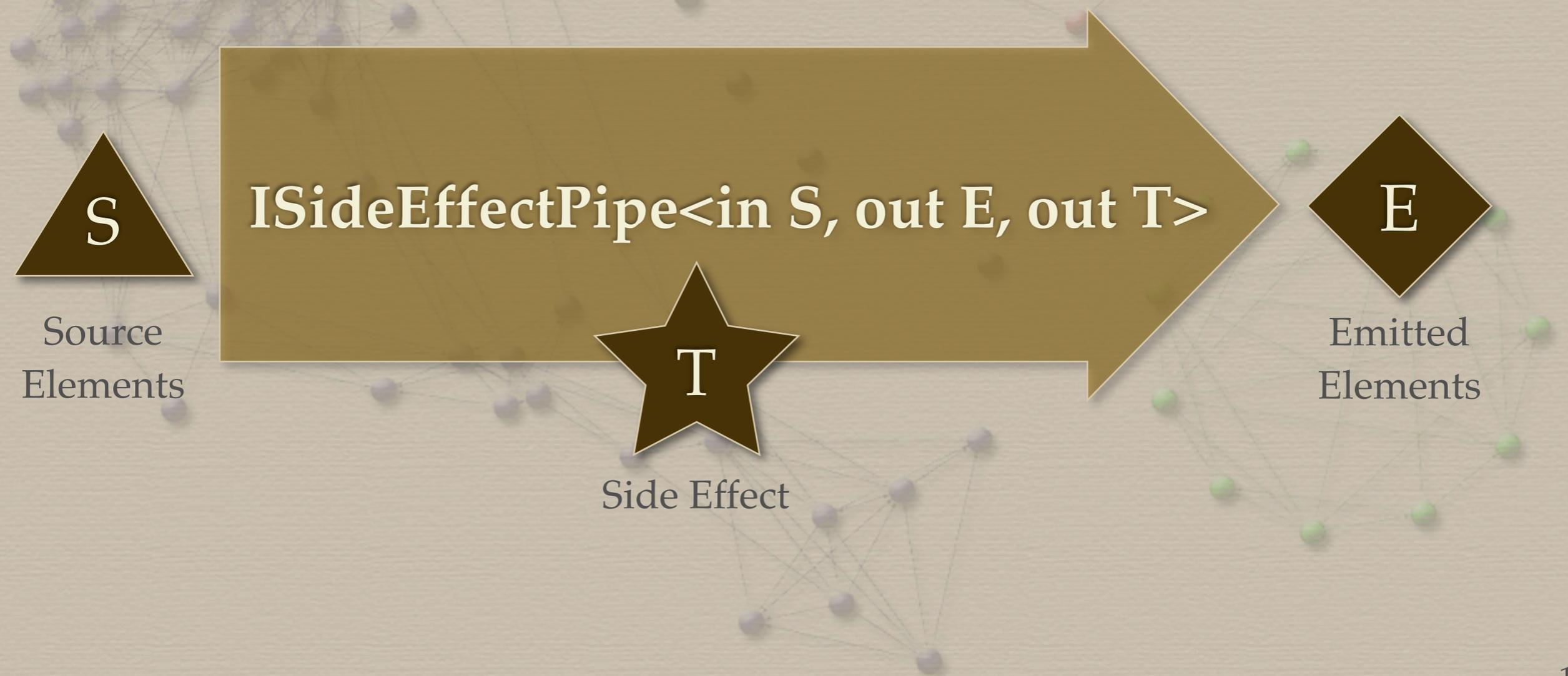
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# Pipes.NET



Allow the creation of state or side effects within a pipe





# Pipes.NET



## Count the total number of elements passed through the pipe

```
public class CountPipe<S> : AbstractPipe<S,S>, ISideEffectPipe<S,S,Int64> {  
    [...]  
    public override Boolean MoveNext() {  
  
        if (_InternalEnumerator == null)  
            return false;  
  
        if (_InternalEnumerator.MoveNext()) {  
            _CurrentElement = _InternalEnumerator.Current;  
            Interlocked.Increment(ref _Counter);  
            return true;  
        }  
  
        return false;  
    }  
  
    public Int64 SideEffect { get { return _Counter; } }  
}
```

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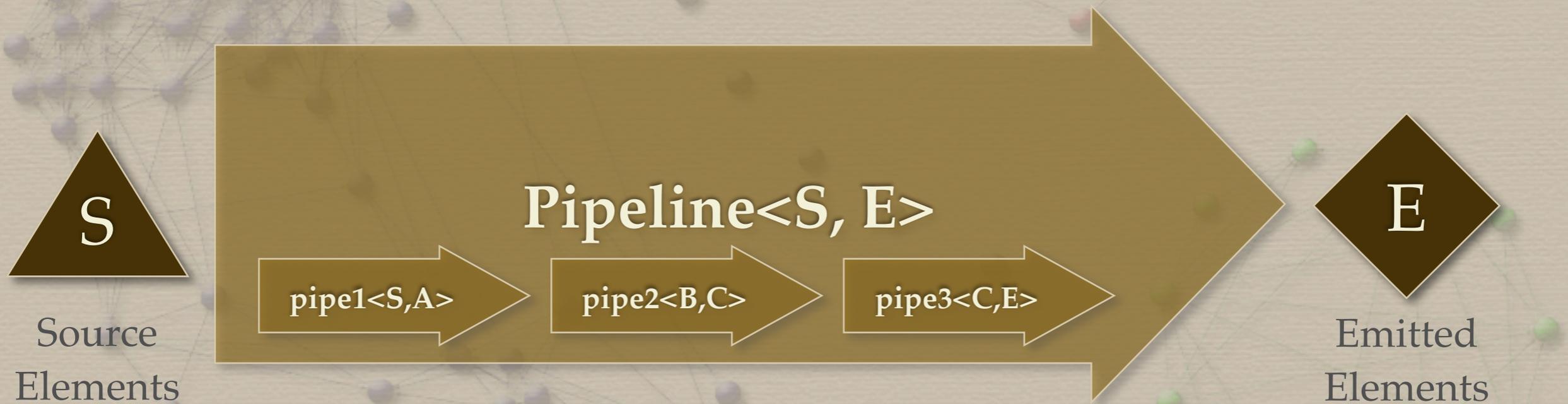
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# Pipes.NET



Create complex pipes by combining pipes to pipelines





# Pipes.NET



## A data flow framework for property graph models

```
// Friends-of-a-friend
var pipe1 = new VertexEdgePipe(VertexEdgePipe.Step.OUT_EDGES);
var pipe2 = new LabelFilterPipe("Friends", ComparisonFilter.EQUALS);
var pipe3 = new EdgeVertexPipe(EdgeVertexPipe.Step.IN_VERTEX);
var pipe4 = new VertexEdgePipe(VertexEdgePipe.Step.OUT_EDGES);
var pipe5 = new LabelFilterPipe("Friends", ComparisonFilter.EQUALS);
var pipe6 = new EdgeVertexPipe(EdgeVertexPipe.Step.IN_VERTEX);
var pipe7 = new PropertyPipe("name");

var pipeline = new Pipeline(pipe1, pipe2, pipe3, pipe4, pipe5, pipe6, pipe7);
pipeline.SetSource(new SingleEnumerator(
    graph.GetVertex(new VertexId(1))));

foreach (var _foaf in pipeline.Take(5)) {
    Console.WriteLine(_foaf);
}
```



# Pipes.NET



A data flow framework for property graph models

- **Think of “LINQ for graphs”**
- **...but without the syntactic sugar.**
- **Very Powerful, but also very “noisy” :(**



# Pipes.NET



## Current status & the future

- **About 95% of the current JAVA original**
- **Expect first release with the next weeks**

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**And what about ad hoc querying for exploring a property-graph?**

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## Ad hoc Query Language for graphs

- **Ad Hoc querying a property graph**
- **User-friendly wrapper around pipes**
- **“perl for graphs” ;)**



## Ad hoc Query Language for graphs

```
// Friends-of-a-friend
var pipe1 = new VertexEdgePipe(VertexEdgePipe.Step.OUT_EDGES);
var pipe2 = new LabelFilterPipe("Friends", ComparisonFilter.EQUALS);
var pipe3 = new EdgeVertexPipe(EdgeVertexPipe.Step.IN_VERTEX);
var pipe4 = new VertexEdgePipe(VertexEdgePipe.Step.OUT_EDGES);
var pipe5 = new LabelFilterPipe("Friends", ComparisonFilter.EQUALS);
var pipe6 = new EdgeVertexPipe(EdgeVertexPipe.Step.IN_VERTEX);
var pipe7 = new PropertyPipe("name");

var pipeline = new Pipeline(pipe1, pipe2, pipe3, pipe4, pipe5, pipe6, pipe7);
pipeline.SetSource(new SingleEnumerator(
    graph.GetVertex(new VertexId(1))));
```



**g:id-v(1)/outE[@label='Friends']/inV/outE  
[@label='Friends']/inV/@name**



## Current status & the future

- **Reimplementation not yet started :(**
- **Will probably be based on the DLR**
- **Expect first release with the next 2-3 months**



But...

- **Do not expect Gremlin as the one-and-only query language for each use-case!**
- **More application specific Query Languages could be implemented using pipes e.g. sones GQL, OrientDB SQL**

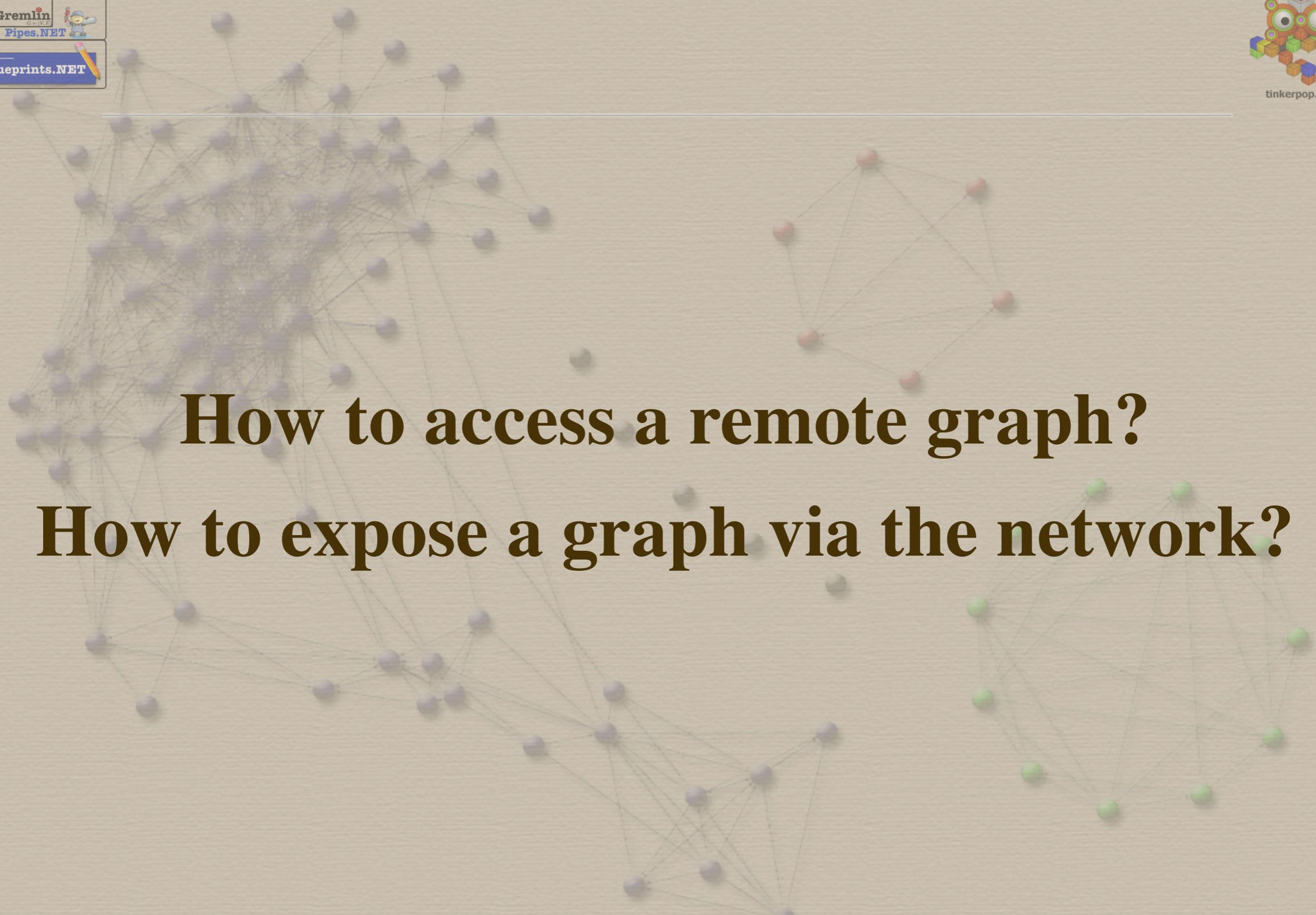
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**How to access a remote graph?**

**How to expose a graph via the network?**



## A HTTP/REST interface for Blueprints Property Graph Models

- **Exposes your application-embedded Blueprints graph via HTTP/REST**
- **Vertices and edges are REST resources**
- **The rexster client library allows you to access most JAVA-based GraphDBs**  
Neo4J, OrientDB available; DEX, InfiniteGraph coming soon...

GET http://{host}/{resource}



# Common CRUD Operations...

## GET Operations

returns	uri	description
graphs	<code>http://base</code>	get all the graphs
graph	<code>http://base/graph</code>	get the graph
vertices	<code>http://base/graph/vertices</code>	get all vertices
vertex	<code>http://base/graph/vertices/1</code>	get vertex with id <code>1</code>
edges	<code>http://base/graph/edges</code>	get all edges
edge	<code>http://base/graph/edges/1</code>	get edge with id <code>1</code>
edges	<code>http://base/graph/vertices/1/outE</code>	get the out edges of vertex <code>1</code>
edges	<code>http://base/graph/vertices/1/inE</code>	get the in edges of vertex <code>1</code>
edges	<code>http://base/graph/vertices/1/bothE</code>	get the both in and out edges of vertex <code>1</code>
edges	<code>http://base/graph/vertices/1/xxxE?_label=written_by</code>	get the edges of vertex <code>1</code> with edge label equal to "written_by"
indices	<code>http://base/graph/indices</code>	get all the indices associated with the graph
elements	<code>http://base/graph/indices/index?key=k1&amp;value=v1</code>	get all elements with <code>k1</code> property equal to <code>v1</code> in <code>index</code>
strings	<code>http://base/graph/indices/index/keys</code>	get the auto index keys of the automatic index named <code>index</code>

GET http://{host}/{resource}



# Common CRUD Operations...

## POST Operations

returns	uri	description
vertex	<code>http://base/graph/vertices</code>	create a vertex with no specified identifier
vertex	<code>http://base/graph/vertices/1</code>	create a vertex with id <code>1</code>
vertex	<code>http://base/graph/vertices/1?k1=v1&amp;k2=v2</code>	create a vertex with id <code>1</code> and the provided properties (or update vertex properties if vertex already exists).
edge	<code>http://base/graph/edges?_outV=1&amp;_label=friends&amp;_inV=2&amp;k1=k2</code>	create an out edge with no specified identifier from vertex <code>1</code> to vertex <code>2</code> labeled "friend" with provided properties.
edge	<code>http://base/graph/edges/3?_outV=1&amp;_label=friends&amp;_inV=2&amp;k1=k2</code>	create an out edge with id <code>3</code> from vertex <code>1</code> to vertex <code>2</code> labeled "friend" with provided properties.
edge	<code>http://base/graphname/edges/3?k1=k2</code>	update the properties of the edge with id <code>3</code>
index	<code>http://base/graph/indices/index?class=vertex&amp;type=automatic</code>	create a new automatic vertex index named <code>index</code>
void	<code>http://base/graph/indices/index?key=k1&amp;value=v1&amp;class=vertex&amp;id=1</code>	put vertex with <code>id 1</code> into <code>index</code> at <code>k1/v1</code>
void	<code>http://base/graph/indices/index?k1&amp;k2</code>	add auto index keys <code>k1</code> and <code>k2</code> to index named <code>index</code>

Additional API endpoints and examples:

```

http://base/graph/vertices/1?k1=v1&k2=v2
http://base/graph/edges/3?_outV=1&_label=friends&_inV=2&k1=k2
http://base/graphname/edges/3?k1=k2
http://base/graph/indices/index?class=vertex&type=automatic
http://base/graph/indices/index?key=k1&value=v1&class=vertex&id=1
http://base/graph/indices/index?k1&k2
  
```

GET http://{host}/{resource}



# Common CRUD Operations...

## DELETE Operations

returns	uri	description
void	<code>http://base/graph/vertices/1</code>	remove vertex <code>1</code>
void	<code>http://base/graph/vertices/1?key1&amp;key2</code>	remove properties <code>key1</code> and <code>key2</code> from vertex <code>1</code>
void	<code>http://base/graph/edges/3</code>	remove the edge with id <code>3</code>
void	<code>http://base/graph/edges/3?key1&amp;key2</code>	remove properties <code>key1</code> and <code>key2</code> from edge <code>3</code>
void	<code>http://base/graph</code>	clear the graph of all its elements and indices
void	<code>http://base/graph/indices/index</code>	drop the index named <code>index</code>
void	<code>http://base/graph/indices/index?key=k1&amp;value=v1&amp;class=vertex&amp;id=1</code>	remove the vertex <code>1</code> from <code>index</code> at <code>k1/v1</code>
void	<code>http://base/graph/indices/index?k1&amp;k2</code>	remove the auto index keys <code>k1</code> and <code>k2</code> from auto index <code>index</code>



## Default resource representation: JSON

```
curl -H Accept:application/json http://localhost:8182/graph1/vertices/1
{
  "version" : "0.1",
  "results" : {
    "_type" : "vertex",
    "_id" : "1",
    "name" : "Alice",
    "age" : 21
  },
  "query_time" : 0.014235
}
```



## Current status

- **About 60% of the current JAVA original**
- **Expect first release with the next 3-4 weeks**
- **Rexster Shell might take some more time...**

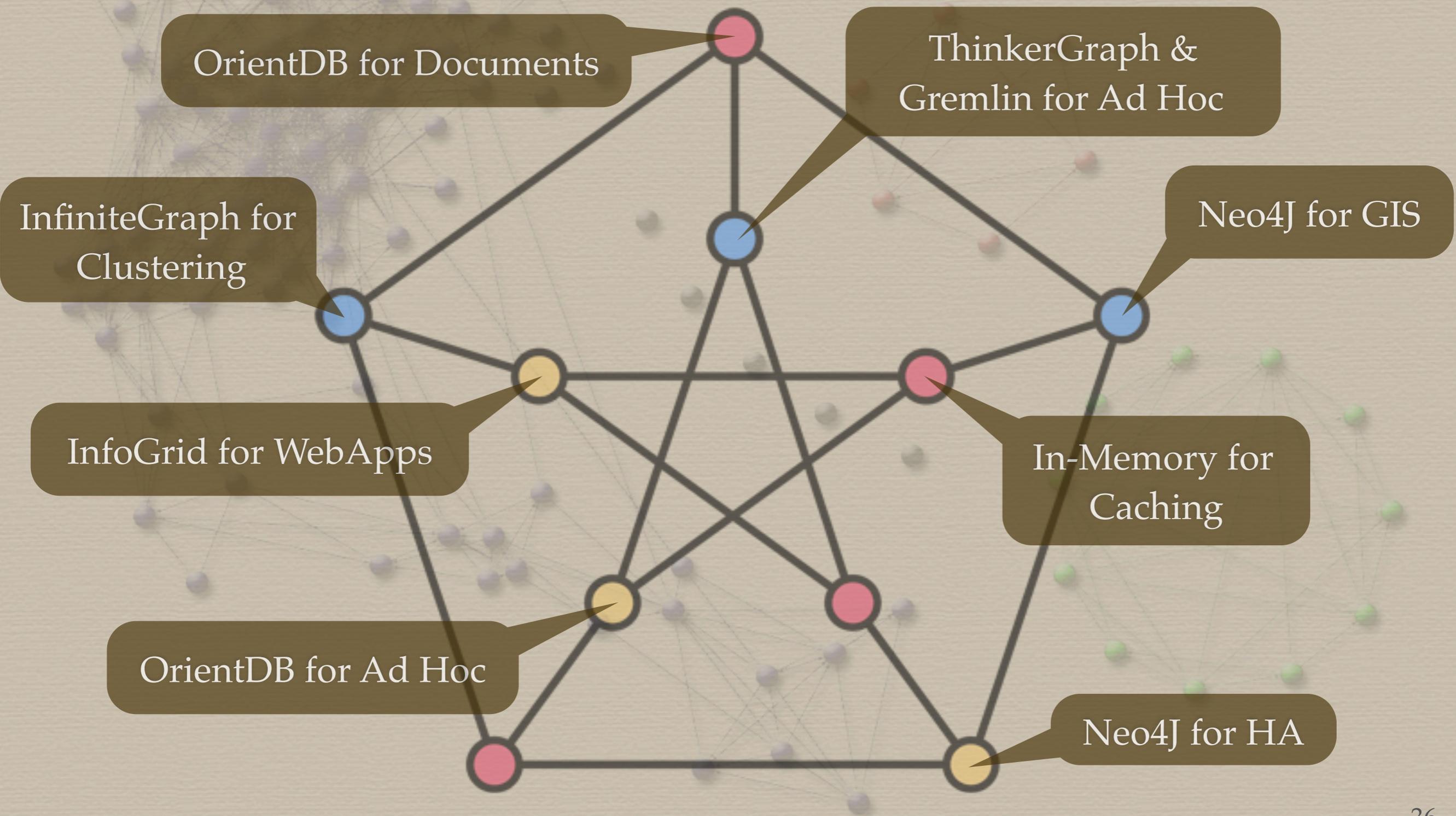


## Future Resource Representations

- **Link-aware, self-describing hypermedia (see Neo4J)**
  - e.g. ATOM, XML + XLINK, RDFa
- **Application specific protocols**
  - GEXF for exporting a graph to GEPHI
  - GraphML/GDF/... graph formats
  - MediaRSS your photo graph traversal via Cooliris



# The GraphDB Graph...



Still hungry for more?

**IZ MINE!**

**FOSDEM 2011 GraphDB dinner!**

**Meet us in front of Le Roy d'Espagne**

**Grand Place 1, Brussels**

**20:00 PM**

**u go 'way**



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# Questions?



<http://www.graph-database.org>  
<http://www.twitter.com/graphdbs>